

2014 GJCL Latin Literature Exam

Fill in the first 4 blanks of the scantron sheet with your own 4-digit code, and then the next 4 blocks with the 4-digit code of this exam (1005). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the correct answer for each question. DO NOT WRITE ON THE EXAM ITSELF.

- 1.) Who first translated the *Odyssey* into Latin?
a.) Livius Andronicus b.) Naevius c.) Plautus d.) Homer
- 2.) What is the oldest Latin metrical form called?
a.) Satire b.) Severan c.) Hexameter d.) Saturnian
- 3.) Which of the following is *not* a stock character type in the comedies of Plautus?
a.) *Servus* b.) *Rex* c.) *Senex* d.) *Miles*
- 4.) In which play of Plautus does Mercury appear onstage in disguise?
a.) *Amphitruo* b.) *Casina* c.) *Aulularia* d.) *Rudens*
- 5.) In whose play does Chremes say “I am human, nothing human is alien to me.”
a.) Terence b.) Plautus c.) Seneca d.) Aristophanes
- 6.) What was the title of Ennius’s celebrated epic poem?
a.) *Annales* b.) *Bellum Poenicum* c.) *De Rerum Natura* d.) *Aeneid*
- 7.) What conservative senator’s works include the *Origines* and *De Argicultura*?
a.) Cicero b.) Caesar c.) Catullus d.) Cato the Elder
- 8.) What two traditional terms are used to describe Republican Roman oratory?
a.) Liberal and Conservative b.) Asianist and Atticist c.) Patrician and Plebeian
d.) Salty and Peppery
- 9.) What literary movement is typically associated with Catullus?
a.) Sophistic b.) Neoteric c.) Neoplatonic d.) Neoclassical
- 10.) By what name is Catullus’s poetic mistress known?
a.) Sappho b.) Cynthia c.) Julia d.) Lesbia
- 11.) What does Catullus’s friend Asinius steal in poem 12?
a.) wine b.) perfume c.) napkins d.) salt cellars
- 12.) What goddess plays an important role in Catullus poem 63?
a.) Cybele b.) Juno c.) Diana d.) Ceres
- 13.) For whom does Catullus perform funeral rites in poem 101?
a.) his mother b.) his father c.) his son d.) his brother
- 14.) What is the main subject of Lucretius’ *De Rerum Natura*?
a.) Cynic doubt b.) Epicurean atomism c.) Platonic mysticism d.) Stoic morality
- 15.) Which speech of Cicero famously defends a poet?
a.) *Pro Roscio Amerino* b.) *Pro Milone* c.) *Pro Archia* d.) *Pro Caelio*
- 16.) About whose conspiracy did Cicero write four speeches?
a.) Pompey b.) Catullus c.) Catiline d.) Caesar
- 17.) Against whom were Cicero’s *Philippics* written?
a.) Catiline b.) Caesar c.) Octavian d.) Antony
- 18.) Whose dream ends Cicero’s *De Republica*?
a.) Scipio b.) Socrates c.) Cicero d.) Epicurus
- 19.) What famous grammarian, scholar, and antiquarian lived in the time of Cicero and Caesar?
a.) Quintilian b.) Seneca the Younger c.) Varro d.) Priscian
- 20.) About which war was Caesar’s first set of commentaries written?
a.) Punic b.) Social c.) Gallic d.) Pyrrhic
- 21.) Who wrote an historical monograph on the war with Jugurtha?
a.) Sulla b.) Pompey c.) Sallust d.) Caesar
- 22.) Which of Virgil’s *Eclogues* prophesies the birth of a child ushering in a golden age?
a.) 10 b.) 5 c.) 4 d.) 1
- 23.) What character in Virgil’s *Georgics* journeys underwater to save his colony of bees?
a.) Aristaeus b.) Aeneas c.) Aristotle d.) Hercules
- 24.) Whom does Aeneas carry from Troy on his shoulders in the *Aeneid* book 2?
a.) Creusa b.) Ascanius c.) Anchises d.) Lavinia
- 25.) What divine gift is described in detail in *Aeneid* book 8?
a.) a helmet b.) a shield c.) a spear d.) temple doors

- 26.) Which muse is invoked in *Aeneid* book 7?
 a.) Calliope b.) Melpomene c.) Erato d.) Clio
- 27.) Whom does Aeneas kill at the conclusion of the *Aeneid*?
 a.) Dido b.) Latinus c.) Pallas d.) Turnus
- 28.) In which ode does Horace tell the reader to *carpe diem*?
 a.) 1.11 b.) 1.37 c.) 1.27 d.) 3.2
- 29.) To whom is Horace's *Ars Poetica* addressed?
 a.) Cicero b.) Virgil c.) Augustus d.) Piso
- 30.) Who poetically describes his mistress sleeping and her response upon waking?
 a.) Tibullus b.) Propertius c.) Catullus d.) Ovid
- 31.) On what subject was Ovid's lost tragedy?
 a.) Helen b.) Medea c.) Cleopatra d.) Circe
- 32.) Who survives the flood in Ovid's *Metamorphoses* book 1?
 a.) Aeneas and Dido b.) Adam and Eve c.) Pyramus and Thisbe
 d.) Deucalion and Pyrrha
- 33.) Which philosopher is given a long speech in *Metamorphoses* book 15?
 a.) Epicurus b.) Aristotle c.) Plato d.) Pythagoras
- 34.) Who gruesomely has her tongue cut out in *Metamorphoses* book 6?
 a.) Europa b.) Dido c.) Philomela d.) Lavinia
- 35.) From where is Ovid's exile poetry written?
 a.) the Black Sea b.) Spain c.) Gaul d.) Egypt
- 36.) About whom is Seneca's *Apocolocyntosis*?
 a.) Claudius b.) Cicero c.) Augustus d.) Nero
- 37.) About what does Seneca complain in moral letter 1.56?
 a.) noise b.) gladiators c.) old age d.) food
- 38.) With which philosophical school is Seneca most associated?
 a.) Stoics b.) Epicureans c.) Academics d.) Peripatetics
- 39.) What writer of fables published under Tiberius?
 a.) Aesop b.) Ovid c.) La Fontaine d.) Phaedrus
- 40.) On what topic is Lucan's epic poem?
 a.) Hannibal b.) farming c.) civil war d.) the founding of Rome
- 41.) Whose dinner does an episode of Petronius's *Satyricon* famously describe?
 a.) Daphnis b.) Lucius c.) Nero d.) Trimalchio
- 42.) In which genre does Juvenal write?
 a.) history b.) satire c.) pastoral d.) epic
- 43.) About which city did Statius write an epic poem?
 a.) Carthage b.) Alexandria c.) Rome d.) Thebes
- 44.) About which war is Silius Italicus's epic poem?
 a.) Samnite b.) Punic c.) Civil d.) Trojan
- 45.) About which aspect of city planning did Frontinus write a treatise?
 a.) temples b.) roads c.) walls d.) aqueducts
- 46.) What does Quintilian's most famous work examine?
 a.) oratory b.) love c.) cooking d.) geography
- 47.) To whom does Pliny the Younger write a speech of praise?
 a.) Trajan b.) Tacitus c.) Domitian d.) Homer
- 48.) In which of the following genres did Tacitus *not* write?
 a.) history b.) rhetoric c.) epic d.) ethnography
- 49.) Into which animal is Lucius transformed in Apuleius's novel the *Metamorphoses*?
 a.) snake b.) owl c.) fish d.) donkey
- 50.) Which divinity does Lucius worship at the end of Apuleius's *Metamorphoses*?
 a.) Isis b.) Cybele c.) Juno d.) Cupid

Latin Literature Exam 2014 ANSWER KEY

- 1.) a
- 2.) d
- 3.) b
- 4.) a
- 5.) a
- 6.) a
- 7.) d
- 8.) b
- 9.) b
- 10.) d
- 11.) c
- 12.) a
- 13.) d
- 14.) b
- 15.) c
- 16.) c
- 17.) d
- 18.) a
- 19.) c
- 20.) c
- 21.) c
- 22.) c
- 23.) a
- 24.) c
- 25.) b
- 26.) c
- 27.) d
- 28.) a
- 29.) d
- 30.) b
- 31.) b
- 32.) d
- 33.) d
- 34.) c
- 35.) a
- 36.) a
- 37.) a
- 38.) a
- 39.) d
- 40.) c
- 41.) d
- 42.) b
- 43.) d
- 44.) b
- 45.) d
- 46.) a
- 47.) a
- 48.) c
- 49.) d
- 50.) a