2009 GJCL MYTHOLOGY EXAM

FILL IN the first four blocks of the SCANTRON SHEET with YOUR OWN four-digit code and the next four blocks with the code for THIS EXAM —1006. FILL IN COMPLETELY the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the correct answer for each question. DO NOT WRITE ON THE EXAM ITSELF.

1. Which of the following is not a child of Gaia?
2. ______, son of Lapetus, divided up an ox and deceived Zeus.
3. The myth of Pandora is an explanation of all the following except ______
   a. the seasons  b. troubles for men  c. women on earth  d. hope
4. Athena was born from Zeus’ ______
   a. thigh  b. head  c. genitalia  d. mouth
5. ______ was Apollo’s twin sister.
   a. Artemis  b. Hera  c. Leto  d. Persephone
6. Which of the following divinities doesn’t have a planet named after his/her Latin name?
7. Among the following, only ______ is a child of both Zeus and Hera.
8. ______ was the god of the sea.
9. The bird associated with Athena is ______
   a. the eagle  b. the peacock  c. the sparrow  d. the owl
10. Diana’s Greek name is ______
    a. Athena  b. Artemis  c. Hera  d. Hestia
11. Apollo’s musical instrument was ______
    a. the flute  b. the panpipe  c. the drum  d. the lyre
12. Daphne, pursued by Apollo, was turned into ______
    a. a laurel  b. an oak  c. a statue  d. a myrtle
13. Asclepius, son of Apollo, was the god of ______
    a. wine  b. war  c. medicine  d. prophecy
14. The god who invented the lyre was ______
    a. Poseidon  b. Dionysus  c. Apollo  d. Hermes
15. What is not one of Hermes’s concerns?
    a. merchants  b. thieves  c. travelers  d. sailors
16. Persephone’s Roman name is ______
17. Orpheus traveled into the Underworld in order to bring back his wife ______
18. Oedipus means ______
    a. swollen foot  b. unfortunate  c. riddle solver  d. orphan
19. Most Greek heroes encounter difficulties dealing with ______
    a. an older relative  b. their own mother  c. their teacher  d. their slaves
20. Perseus is the hero who ______
    a. tamed Bellerophon  b. killed Medusa  c. retrieved the golden fleece  d. killed the Chimera
21. Heracles performed his twelve labors after killing his ______
    a. father  b. mother  c. brother  d. wife
22. Which of the following labors was not performed by Heracles?
    a. Fetching the Cretan bull  b. Cleaning the Augean stables  c. Fetching Cerberus from the Underworld  d. Killing the Sphinx
23. Heracles is typically associated with all of the following except ______
    a. a lion skin  b. a shield  c. large muscles  d. a club
24. Tantalus, in the Underworld ______
    a. suffers from thirst and hunger  b. rolls up a rock  c. has his liver eaten by vultures  d. must fill a bottomless basket
25. Helen was queen of ________
   a. Troy  b. Athens  c. Sparta  d. Mycenae

26. What is not actually described in the Iliad?
   a. the fall of Troy  b. the death of Patroclus  c. the battle between Achilles and Hector
   d. the conflict between Achilles and Agamemnon

27. Agamemnon, before departing for Troy, sacrifices his daughter ________
   a. Danae  b. Electra  c. Antigone  d. Iphigenia

28. Theseus found his way out of the Labyrinth thanks to the help of ________

29. The Labyrinth was built by ________

30. Hector's wife was ________

31. Which of the following divinities did not support the Trojans?
   a. Apollo  b. Artemis  c. Aphrodite  d. Athena

32. Achilles was the son of Peleus and ________
   a. Thetis  b. Hera  c. Metis  d. Athena

33. Agamemnon took Achilles's slave ________

34. ________ made a new armor and shield for Achilles

35. ________ was the leader of the Trojan troops.

36. Which of the following women is not associated with Odysseus?
   a. Penelope  b. Nausicaa  c. Calypso  d. Danae

37. Polyphemus was a child of ________

38. Which of the following does Odysseus not encounter?
   a. Medea  b. Sirens  c. Scylla  d. Circe

39. Odysseus wants to go back to his home in the island of ________
   a. Ithaca  b. Lesbos  c. Crete  d. Delos

40. Throughout the Odyssey, Odysseus is helped and supported by ________
   a. Poseidon  b. Hera  c. Apollo  d. Athena

41. In the Underworld, which Greek hero, having been killed by his wife, warns Odysseus against women?

42. Medea killed her own children as an act of revenge against ________

43. Aeneas travels into the Underworld in order to meet his father ________

44. In the Aeneid, the hero Aeneas is pursued by the goddess ________

45. The story of Dido explains the mythical origin of conflicts between Rome and ________
   a. the Greeks  b. the Etruscans  c. the Carthaginians  d. the Gauls

46. ________ guides Aeneas into the Underworld
   a. The Sybil  b. Tiresias  c. Circe  d. The Pythia

47. According to the legend, Rome was founded by ________

48. What is fully described in the Aeneid?
   a. The Titanomachy  b. The foundation of Rome  c. The love between Mars and Venus  d. The fall of Troy

49. Thanks to Venus, ________'s statue was turned into a beautiful woman.
   a. Pygmalion  b. Priapus  c. Adonis  d. Cupid

50. Arachne, after angering Athena, was turned into a ________
   a. crow  b. a rat  c. a cockroach  d. a spider