2016 GJCL Latin Advanced Grammar Exam

FILL THE FIRST FOUR BLOCKS OF THE ANSWER SHEET WITH YOUR OWN FOUR DIGIT CODE,
THEN THE NEXT FOUR BLOCKS WITH THE CODE FOR THIS EXAM (1013). Fill in completely the space on
the answer sheet corresponding to the current answer for each question. DO NOT WRITE ON THE EXAM
ITSELF.

1. loquor, loqui locutus sum is a verb of which conjugation?
   a. 1st  b. 2nd  c. 3rd  d. 4th

2. What is the dative masculine singular of hic, haec, hoc?
   a. hoc  b. huic  c. haec  d. huius

3. Which of the following is a correct identification for plura?
   a. nominative feminine singular  b. accusative feminine plural  c. ablative masculine singular  d. accusative neuter plural

4. Which of the following is a wrong translation of “Dux adnuit, his verbis auditis”? The leader nodded,
   a. with these words having been heard. b. after hearing these words. c. while hearing these words. d. because he had heard these words.

5. What type of construction is the following sentence? Ita loquitur ut persuasus sim.
   a. purpose b. result c. jussive noun d. fear

6. Which of the following is not a correct translation of eloquentior?
   a. rather eloquent  b. more eloquent  c. too eloquent  d. very eloquent

7. What case and number can amicis be?
   a. dative plural  b. genitive singular  c. accusative plural  d. dative singular

8. What kind of ablative is being used in this sentence? Urbem suis laboribus conservavit.
   a. agent  b. means  c. accompaniment  d. comparison

9. Which of the following forms is a subjunctive?
   a. agunt  b. ageres  c. ageris  d. agentis

10. What is fugient?
    a. present indicative  b. present subjunctive  c. imperfect subjunctive  d. future indicative

11. What is the ablative singular of res?
    a. re  b. rei  c. rem  d. rebus

12. Which is the most literal translation of Multa video? I see______
    a. much  b. many men  c. many women  d. many things

13. Which is not a possible translation of fio?
    a. to go  b. to be  c. to be done  d. to be made

    a. amicā  b. amico  c. amicum  d. amicas

15. The comparative of parvam is __________
    a. peiorem  b. minorem  c. maiorem  d. miliorem

16. Which preposition may be followed by both the accusative and the ablative cases?
    a. propter  b. ab  c. ad  d. in

17. What form of gracilis, gracile correctly modifies corpus?
    a. gracilia  b. gracile  c. gracilem  d. graciles

18. What is the correct translation of locutus?
    a. speaking  b. having spoken  c. having been spoken  d. about to be spoken

19. Which form of facio should be used in the sentence: Rogabat quid __________
    a. feceris  b. facias  c. faciebas  d. fecisses

20. Which of the following is the pluperfect indicative of tango?
    a. tetigerat  b. tangebat  c. tactus erit  d. tangitur

21. Fill in the blank: Magistri debent esse __________
    a. sapienti  b. sapientes  c. sapiens  d. sapientis

22. Which of the following translates of loving a girl?
    a. amandae virginis  b. amare virginem  c. amanda virgo  d. amando virginem

23. Which word correctly translates she has said into Latin?
    a. dicta est  b. dicit  c. dicet  d. dixit
24. What type of verb is audeo, audere, ausus sum?  
   a. deponent  b. semi-deponent  c. impersonal  d. transitive
25. What type of subjunctive clause is underlined in this sentence? Timet ut discipuli discant.  
   a. purpose  b. result  c. jussive noun  d. fear
26. What is the translation of cum in this sentence? Cum ille in urbe sit, beati sumus.  
   a. with  b. since  c. after  d. together
27. Complete with the correct verb form: Marius dicit matrem __________  
   a. venire  b. venientem  c. venit  d. veniat
28. What is the imperative singular of loquor, loqui, locutus sum?  
   a. loqueris  b. locutus es  c. loqui  d. loquere
29. What case is tibi?  
   a. accusative  b. ablative  c. genitive  d. dative
30. What translates at home?  
   a. domi  b. domum  c. domo  d. domus
31. What is the passive form of fers?  
   a. feraris  b. ferreris  c. latus es  d. ferris
32. What is the translation of facile factu?  
   a. easily done  b. easy to do  c. easy deed  d. easily doing
33. Which of the following is not a translation for He came to see? Venit __________  
   a. videre  b. visum  c. ut videret  d. ad videndum
34. What form of ago is agi?  
   a. imperative singular  b. perfect indicative  c. present subjunctive  d. passive infinitive
35. What translates the underlined words? If he should urge, I would come.  
   a. hortatur  b. hortetur  c. hortaretur  d. hortatus esset
36. What completes following the sentence? Usi sumus __________  
   a. sapientiam  b. sapientiae  c. sapientiā  d. sapientia
37. What is the translation of quam in this sentence? Puella sapientior quam amica est.  
   a. than  b. who  c. whom  d. as possible
38. What type of dative is mihi in this sentence? Eloquentissimus orator mihi est.  
   a. agent  b. indirect object  c. possession  d. reference
39. The present subjunctive of volo is  
   a. volet  b. vellet  c. velit  d. vult
40. Which translation of mittebamus is not correct?  
   a. we sent  b. we have sent  c. we were sending  d. we used to send
41. The imperfect subjunctive of patior, pati passus sum is  
   a. paterer  b. passus essem  c. patiar  d. patiebar
42. The perfect active infinitive of tollo, tollere, sustuli, sublatum is  
   a. tolli  b. sublatum esse  c. sublatum iri  d. sustulisse
43. Libri discipulis lengendi sunt means  
   a. Reading books is good for students  b. Students read books  c. Books must be read by students  d. Students’ books should be read
44. Trademus means  
   a. let us give over  b. we give over  c. we gave over  d. we will give over
45. Nonne venit? means  
   a. Is he coming?  b. Why is he coming?  c. He is coming, isn’t he?  d. He isn’t coming, is he?
46. Nemo erat qui hoc __________  
   a. sciat  b. scire  c. scivit  d. sciret
47. Persuadebo __________  
   a. te  b. tibi  c. tuo  d. tui
48. Spero __________ venire.  
   a. se  b. eos  c. ei  d. is
49. The plural of it is  
   a. eunt  b. eundi  c. eant.  d. irent
50. Adsum __________  
   a. amicum  b. amici  c. amico  d. amice
1. c
2. b
3. d
4. c
5. b
6. d
7. a
8. b
9. b
10. d
11. a
12. d
13. a
14. b
15. b
16. d
17. b
18. b
19. d
20. a
21. b
22. a
23. d
24. b
25. d
26. b
27. a
28. d
29. d
30. a
31. d
32. b
33. a
34. d
35. b
36. c
37. a
38. d
39. c
40. b
41. a
42. d
43. c
44. d
45. c
46. d
47. b
48. b
49. a
50. c