

### 2013 GJCL Latin Literature Exam (1005)

Fill in the STUDENT ID NUMBER section with your own eight-digit student code, and then the TEST ID section with the four-digit code for this exam (1005), followed by a digit for your level of Latin (1 for Latin I, 2 for Latin 2 etc. Latin 5 and up students should enter 5). Fill in completely the space of the answer sheet corresponding to the answer for each question. Do not write on the exam itself.

- Whom did Aeneas kill at the end of Book XII of the *Aeneid*?  
a. Pallas                      b. Evander                      c. Dido                      d. Turnus
- Stoicism is a school of philosophy ascribed by which author?  
a. Julius Caesar                      b. Ovid                      c. Seneca the Younger                      d. Lucretius
- Which of these authors was born in Verona?  
a. Martial                      b. Seneca the Younger                      c. Ovid                      d. Catullus
- Which of these writers has the cognomen "Maro"?  
a. Vergil                      b. Tibullus                      c. Ovid                      d. Julius Caesar
- Which of these authors did not write *Histories*?  
a. Tacitus                      b. Sallust                      c. Ammianus                      d. Lucretius
- Pleonasm* can be most readily defined as:  
a. using more words than necessary                      b. exaggeration  
c. double negative                      d. affirmation of something by denying its contrary
- In which book of the *Aeneid* does Aeneas descend into the Underworld?  
a. Book IV                      b. Book IX                      c. Book VI                      d. Book III
- Which Roman aristocrat was the benefactor of Ennius?  
a. Marcus Fulvius Nobilior                      b. Livius Andronicus                      c. Gaius Cilnius Maecenas                      d. Publius Clodius Pulcher
- What was the title of Lucretius' didactic epic?  
a. *De Officiis*                      b. *De Natura Deorum*                      c. *De Rerum Natura*                      d. *De Re Publica*
- In what verse did Gnaeus Naevius write his work *Bellum Poenicum*?  
a. elegaic                      b. dactylic hexameter                      c. Saturnian                      d. trochaic tetrameter
- In which book of Tacitus' *Annales* does he describe the Pisonian Conspiracy?  
a. Book XV                      b. Book XIV                      c. Book III                      d. Book IX
- To where was Cicero exiled?  
a. Tomis                      b. Thessalonica                      c. Athens                      d. Tarentum
- Other than the *Thebaid*, which work did Statius famously compose?  
a. *Philippics*                      b. *Achellid*                      c. *Bellum Civile*                      d. *Metamorphoses*
- To whom does Catullus dedicate his "little book" of poetry?  
a. Lesbia                      b. Cornelius Nepos                      c. Julius Caesar                      d. Vergil
- The *Aeneid* is composed of how many books?  
a. 11                      b. 13                      c. 15                      d. 12
- According to Caesar, into how many parts is Gaul divided?  
a. 4                      b. 6                      c. 1                      d. 3
- Pliny the Younger's letters about the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius were written to which Roman author?  
a. Tacitus                      b. Vergil                      c. Ovid                      d. Statius
- Cicero's *In Catilinam* is a speech against whom?  
a. Caelius                      b. Catiline                      c. Mark Antony                      d. Phillip
- Which of these poems is not an epic?  
a. *Aeneid*                      b. *De Rerum Natura*                      c. *Metamorphoses*                      d. *Ars Amatoria*
- Sallust wrote in which century?  
a. 1<sup>ST</sup> century BCE                      b. 1<sup>ST</sup> century CE                      c. 3<sup>RD</sup> century BCE                      d. 2<sup>ND</sup> century BCE
- Which author did not compose dramas?  
a. Seneca the Younger                      b. Ovid                      c. Vergil                      d. Plautus
- This author was a neoteric poet:  
a. Gallus                      b. Publius Cronicus                      c. St. Augustine                      d. Pyrrhus
- Seneca's *Apocolocyntosis* tells about the deification of which emperor?  
a. Tiberius                      b. Claudius                      c. Nero                      d. Constantine
- According to Quintilian, this author's style was "self-indulgent"  
a. Horace                      b. Lucilius                      c. Ovid                      d. Lucan
- This author wrote letters to the emperor Trajan:  
a. Tacitus                      b. Cicero                      c. Pliny the Elder                      d. Pliny the Younger
- Which Roman emperor famously composed the *Res Gestae*?  
a. Julius Caesar                      b. Caligula                      c. Augustus                      d. Nero
- Ovid's girlfriend is famous for having what as a pet?  
a. dog                      b. sparrow                      c. horse                      d. parrot

28. According to his *Commentarii de Bello Gallico*, how many times did Caesar cross the Rhine?  
 a. 3            b. 2            c. 0            d. 5
29. This author wrote the *Metamorphoses*:  
 a. Lucan            b. Vergil            c. Plautus            d. Apuleius
30. How many poems of Catullus survive?  
 a. 100            b. 64            c. 116            d. 89
31. Where was Livy born?  
 a. Cordoba            b. Padua            c. Rome            d. Carthage
32. A line of dactylic hexameter is composed of \_\_\_\_\_ feet:  
 a. 3            b. 10            c. 8            d. 6
33. The use of a term, form, or construction that is no longer used is a(n):  
 a. aphorism            b. archaism            c. ellipsis            d. hyperbaton
34. What is the subject of “pastoral poetry”?  
 a. civil war            b. life in the countryside            c. Greek festivals            d. history of emperors
35. A poem which is written in a style different than the originally intended poem is known as a:  
 a. *elegy*            b. *satire*            c. *recusatio*            d. *didactic*
36. This author died in the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius:  
 a. Pliny the Elder            b. Suetonius            c. Seneca the Younger            d. Pliny the Younger
37. Which author wrote an *Argonautica*?  
 a. Juvenal            b. Horace            c. Valerius Flaccus            d. Lucilius
38. Which of the following was not written by Vergil?  
 a. *Eclogues*            b. *Aeneid*            c. *Georgics*            d. *Annales*
39. What author became the *arbiter elegantiae* at the court of Nero?  
 a. Petronius            b. Tacitus            c. Pliny the Younger            d. Augustus
40. Ovid wrote all of the following works except:  
 a. *Fasti*            b. *Heroides*            c. *Ars Amatoria*            d. *Cena Trimalcionis*
41. In what year did Lucan commit suicide?  
 a. 65 CE            b. 67 CE            c. 56 CE            d. 61 CE
42. Which author wrote a series of letters to his friend Atticus?  
 a. Julius Caesar            b. Marcus Aurelius            c. Pliny the Younger            d. Cicero
43. *Eunuchus*, or The Eunuch was a comedy written by which dramatist?  
 a. Plautus            b. Terrence            c. Ovid            d. Neavius
44. Ovid wrote during the rule of which emperor?  
 a. Claudius            b. Trajan            c. Augustus            d. Nero
45. Which rhetorical device involves “omission of conjunctions”?  
 a. oxymoron            b. asyndeton            c. parataxis            d. hyperbole
46. Which author did not write a play about Medea?  
 a. Silius Italicus            b. Ovid            c. Seneca            d. Livius Andronicus
47. In what genre did Propertius write?  
 a. poetry            b. history            c. drama            d. satire
48. A “list of alternatives that serve as foils to the true subject of a poem” is known as a:  
 a. Anastrophe            b. Satire            c. Priamel            d. Epillyon
49. This author composed the “Carmen Saeculare”  
 a. Livy            b. Tacitus            c. Horace            d. Tibullus
50. Tacitus’ *Annales* begins with the death of which emperor?  
 a. Pompey            b. Nero            c. Domitian            d. Augustus

## Latin Lit. 2013 Answer Key 1005

1. D
2. C
3. D
4. A
5. D
6. A
7. C
8. A
9. C
10. C
11. A
12. B
13. B
14. B
15. D
16. D
17. A
18. B
19. D
20. A
21. C
22. A
23. B
24. C
25. D
26. C
27. D
28. B
29. D
30. C
31. B
32. D
33. B
34. B
35. C
36. A
37. C
38. D
39. A
40. D
41. A
42. D
43. B
44. C
45. B
46. A
47. A
48. C
49. C
50. D