

2011 GJCL LATIN VOCABULARY EXAM

Fill in the FIRST FOUR BLOCKS of the answer sheet with YOUR OWN FOUR DIGIT CODE and the NEXT FOUR BLOCKS with the CODE FOR THIS EXAM (1001). FILL IN COMPLETELY the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the correct answer for each question (do not write on the exam itself). *Bonam fortūnam!*

All Latin words are given in *italics*. Latin verbs are given in the first principal part. Latin nouns are given in the nominative singular when possible.

I. Give the best English equivalent for each Latin word.

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|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. <i>anima</i> | a) spirit | b) law | c) enemy | d) reward |
| 2. <i>quot</i> | a) who | b) where | c) because | d) how many |
| 3. <i>lente</i> | a) slowly | b) happily | c) freely | d) easily |
| 4. <i>humus</i> | a) paste | b) damp | c) ground | d) dry |
| 5. <i>etsi</i> | a) hence | b) after | c) although | d) both |
| 6. <i>scribo</i> | a) cry | b) write | c) sing | d) throw |
| 7. <i>conligo</i> | a) salute | b) share | c) destroy | d) collect |
| 8. <i>ferus</i> | a) iron | b) sword | c) wild | d) almost |
| 9. <i>sanguis</i> | a) blood | b) wine | c) water | d) honey |
| 10. <i>scrobis</i> | a) ditch | b) knife | c) stone | d) shield |
| 11. <i>secerno</i> | a) establish | b) separate | c) punish | d) lift |
| 12. <i>divitiae</i> | a) tooth | b) dedication | c) gods | d) wealth |
| 13. <i>repente</i> | a) suddenly | b) thoughtfully | c) repeatedly | d) thankfully |
| 14. <i>saxum</i> | a) forest | b) rock | c) old man | d) star |
| 15. <i>numquam</i> | a) always | b) never | c) now | d) later |
| 16. <i>piger</i> | a) clear | b) dirty | c) secret | d) lazy |
| 17. <i>debeo</i> | a) doubt | b) desire | c) owe | d) teach |
| 18. <i>vultus</i> | a) face | b) wound | c) wish | d) mob |
| 19. <i>invidia</i> | a) jealousy | b) guilt | c) folly | d) vanity |
| 20. <i>aes</i> | a) air | b) summer | c) skill | d) bronze |

II. Give the best Latin equivalent for each English word.

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|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 21. twice | a) <i>semel</i> | b) <i>bis</i> | c) <i>solum</i> | d) <i>decimus</i> |
| 22. zeal | a) <i>sordes</i> | b) <i>scelus</i> | c) <i>spes</i> | d) <i>studium</i> |
| 23. daughter | a) <i>filia</i> | b) <i>soror</i> | c) <i>mater</i> | d) <i>uxor</i> |
| 24. harsh | a) <i>carus</i> | b) <i>magnus</i> | c) <i>durus</i> | d) <i>parvus</i> |
| 25. weapons | a) <i>fabula</i> | b) <i>facta</i> | c) <i>arma</i> | d) <i>corpora</i> |
| 26. confess | a) <i>sequor</i> | b) <i>nascor</i> | c) <i>vereor</i> | d) <i>fateor</i> |
| 27. touch | a) <i>tango</i> | b) <i>sumo</i> | c) <i>emo</i> | d) <i>veho</i> |
| 28. safe | a) <i>verus</i> | b) <i>tutus</i> | c) <i>mirus</i> | d) <i>dignus</i> |
| 29. hair | a) <i>collum</i> | b) <i>capillus</i> | c) <i>astrum</i> | d) <i>arcus</i> |
| 30. before | a) <i>ante</i> | b) <i>post</i> | c) <i>nunc</i> | d) <i>iam</i> |
| 31. attack | a) <i>lacesso</i> | b) <i>amoveo</i> | c) <i>metuo</i> | d) <i>nubo</i> |

32. kiss	a) <i>osculum</i>	b) <i>exercitus</i>	c) <i>socius</i>	d) <i>merces</i>
33. outside	a) <i>domus</i>	b) <i>singultim</i>	c) <i>foris</i>	d) <i>frustra</i>
34. gate	a) <i>terra</i>	b) <i>porta</i>	c) <i>manus</i>	d) <i>donum</i>
35. light	a) <i>lex</i>	b) <i>nox</i>	c) <i>lux</i>	d) <i>vox</i>
36. or	a) <i>sed</i>	b) <i>et</i>	c) <i>cum</i>	d) <i>aut</i>
37. hundred	a) <i>unus</i>	b) <i>mille</i>	c) <i>decem</i>	d) <i>centum</i>
38. finally	a) <i>umquam</i>	b) <i>denique</i>	c) <i>autem</i>	d) <i>atqui</i>
39. mercy	a) <i>carmen</i>	b) <i>clementia</i>	c) <i>civis</i>	d) <i>casus</i>
40. try	a) <i>conor</i>	b) <i>habeo</i>	c) <i>utor</i>	d) <i>diligo</i>

III. Give the synonym for each Latin word.

41. <i>velox</i>	a) <i>longus</i>	b) <i>citus</i>	c) <i>turbidus</i>	d) <i>merus</i>
42. <i>silens</i>	a) <i>tacitus</i>	b) <i>acutus</i>	c) <i>aeger</i>	d) <i>exiguus</i>
43. <i>narratio</i>	a) <i>tempesta</i>	b) <i>lapis</i>	c) <i>fabula</i>	d) <i>spes</i>
44. <i>nuper</i>	a) <i>recens</i>	b) <i>dulciter</i>	c) <i>nunquam</i>	d) <i>ineptus</i>
45. <i>rogo</i>	a) <i>creo</i>	b) <i>impero</i>	c) <i>ostendo</i>	d) <i>quaero</i>
46. <i>turpis</i>	a) <i>fragilis</i>	b) <i>putidus</i>	c) <i>suavis</i>	d) <i>carus</i>
47. <i>capillus</i>	a) <i>sinus</i>	b) <i>dux</i>	c) <i>corona</i>	d) <i>pilus</i>
48. <i>homo</i>	a) <i>equus</i>	b) <i>tempus</i>	c) <i>vir</i>	d) <i>fremitus</i>
49. <i>via</i>	a) <i>iter</i>	b) <i>tumultus</i>	c) <i>cena</i>	d) <i>signum</i>
50. <i>custodia</i>	a) <i>culpa</i>	b) <i>domus</i>	c) <i>furia</i>	d) <i>praesidium</i>

IV. Choose the Latin word which does NOT belong with the others because of its meaning.

51.	a) <i>ramus</i>	b) <i>truncus</i>	c) <i>folium</i>	d) <i>meatus</i>
52.	a) <i>ingens</i>	b) <i>magnus</i>	c) <i>grandis</i>	d) <i>aeger</i>
53.	a) <i>iacio</i>	b) <i>iaceo</i>	c) <i>eicio</i>	d) <i>ielecto</i>
54.	a) <i>cogito</i>	b) <i>puto</i>	c) <i>repudio</i>	d) <i>opinor</i>
55.	a) <i>moenia</i>	b) <i>paries</i>	c) <i>murus</i>	d) <i>foramen</i>

2011 VOCABULARY

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|-------|-------|
| 1. A | 31. A |
| 2. D | 32. A |
| 3. A | 33. C |
| 4. C | 34. B |
| 5. C | 35. C |
| 6. B | 36. D |
| 7. D | 37. D |
| 8. C | 38. B |
| 9. A | 39. B |
| 10. A | 40. A |
| 11. B | 41. B |
| 12. D | 42. A |
| 13. A | 43. C |
| 14. B | 44. A |
| 15. B | 45. D |
| 16. D | 46. B |
| 17. C | 47. D |
| 18. A | 48. C |
| 19. A | 49. A |
| 20. D | 50. D |
| 21. B | 51. D |
| 22. D | 52. D |
| 23. A | 53. B |
| 24. C | 54. C |
| 25. C | 55. D |
| 26. D | |
| 27. A | |
| 28. B | |
| 29. B | |
| 30. A | |