**2023 GJCL LATIN LITERATURE CONTEST**

1. On what charge was Apuleius famously prosecuted?
 a. Magic b. Adultery c. Forgery d. Slander

2. In which work is Apuleis’ defense against the charges in #1 preserved?
 a. De Platone et Eius Dogmate b. De Magica c. Metamorphoses d. Apologia

3. Columella wrote on what topic?
 a. Architecture b. Agriculture c. Politics d. History

4. What book of Columella’s work is written in verse?
 a. 11 b. 2 c. 5 d. 9

5. Who is the only female poet of the Augustan Age?
 a. Lesbia b. Cynthia c. Sulpicia d. Sappho

6. Who was Lucretius’ patron?
 a. Alexis b. Gallas c. Maecenas d. Memmius

7. What work did Ovid write while in exile?
 a. Tristia b. Metamorphoses c. Carmina d. Ars Amatoria

8. When was Ovid exiled?
 a. 10 BCE b. 8 CE c. 10 CE d. 12 CE

9. Book 10 of St. Augustine’s Confessions is mainly concerned with
 a. Celibacy b. The theft of the pears c. The Trinity d. Memory

10. Which is the oldest complete Latin work?
 a. De Agricultura b. Origines c. De Rerum Natura d. De Re Rustica

11. Catullus 51 is an imitation of which Greek poet?
 a. Pindar b. Sappho c. Archilicus d. Theocritus

12. Which poem was written in dactylic hexameter?
 a. All of the above b. De Rerum Natura c. Metamorphoses d. Catullus 64

13. Which character argues for the worship of daemons as mediators in Augustine’s City of God?
 a. Varro b. Apuleius c. Socrates d. Lucretius

14. In what genre did Lucilius write?
 a. History b. Drama c. Epic d. Satire

15. Generally, when did Lucilius write?
 a. Early Empire b. Byzantine c. Middle Republic d. Late Empire

16. Who takes part in Cicero’s De Senectute?
 a. None of the Above b. Cato the Younger c. Varro d. Caesar

17. How many Books are in Varro’s De Re Rustica?
 a. 10 b. 24 c. 3 d. 5

18. Which of Pliny the Elder’s works survive?
 a. De Iaculatione Equestri b. Dubius Sermo c. Naturalis Historia d. A Fine Aufidi Bassi

19. Which character in Ovid’s Metamorphoses was eaten by his own dogs?
 a. Actaeon b. Perseus c. Lycaon d. Cadmus

20. Which goddess did the character in the previous question happen upon while bathing?
 a. Proserpina b. Diana c. Juno d. Venus

21. Who wins an embroidered cloak in Book 5 of the Aeneid?
 a. Turnus b. Ascanius c. Demoleos d. Cloanthus

22. What famous Greek figure is pictured on the cloak in the previous question?
 a. Achilles b. Diomedes c. Ganymede d. Mars

23. Where was Tertullian born?
 a. Carthage b. Mantua c. Sicily d. Northern Gaul

24. Of the listed authors, which was not a contemporary of Cicero?
 a. Cato the Elder b. Varro c. Catullus d. Caesar

25. Who fights in the war that is the subject of Lucan’s Pharsalia?
 a. Caesar and Pompey b. Octavian and Marc Antony c. Scipio and Hannibal d. Themistokles and Xerxes

26. The devotee in Catullus 63 is a follower of which cult?
 a. Demeter b. Isis c. Mithras d. Cybele

27. Under the reign of which emperor did Petronius write?
 a. Nero b. Augustus c. Claudius d. Constantine

28. What fragmentary work of Petronius survives?
 a. The Satires b. Ethiopics c. The Satyricon d. None of the Above

29. Which writer was born in Arpinum?
 a. Caesar b. Cicero c. Tertullian d. Statius

30. Seneca’s Troades is thought to be a conflation of which Greek plays?
 a. Wasps & Birds b. Phonecian Women & Hecuba c. Ajax & Antigone d. Agamemnon & Eurimedes

31. Where was Statius born?
 a. Naples b. Rome c. Carthage d. Athens

32. Rutilius Namatianus’ De Reditu Suo describes what event?
 a. A sea voyage from Ostia to Tuscany

b. A war between pagans and Christians

c. The wanderings of Socrates

d. The birth of Venus

33. What was the name of Propertius’ elegiac lover?
 a. Alexis b. Lesbia c. Delia d. Cynthia

34. What year is Asinius Pollio believed to have begun his Histories?
 a. 2 CE b. 35 BCE c. 44 BCE d. 20 CE

35. What other event occurred in the answer from #34?
 a. Sallust’s death b. Battle of Actium c. Cicero’s death d. Publication of the Res Gestae

36. One of Ennius’ tragedies was titled
 a. Hedyphagetica b. Annals c. Pancratiastes d. Theyestes

37. Who do the shepherds in Vrigil’s 6th Eclogue find drunk in a cave?
 a. Silenus b. Pan c. Bacchus d. Apollo

38. Which god does Lucretius invoke at the beginning of his De Rerum Natura?
 a. Mars b. The Muses c. Venus d. Jupiter

39. On what subject did Marcus Agrippa write?
 a. Geography b. Battle Formations c. Cooking d. Medicine

40. he Neoterics based their poetry off of which Greek author?
 a. Homer b. Callimachus c. Archilicus d. Theognis

41. Which work was authored by Ambrose of Milan?
 a. De Trinitate b. Confessions c. De Officiis Ministrorum d. Contra Regia

42. Sulpicius is thought to have written under which Emperor?
 a. Augustus b. Nero c. Claudius d. Constantine

43. In which genre did Sulpicius write?
 a. Patoral b. Epic c. Didactic d. Amatory poetry

44. By the Medieval period the Latin language was
 a. Reserved for slaves b. The official language of Charlemange’s empire c. Commonly spoken d. Mostly Literary

45. Lucretius’ work was heavily influenced by which author
 a. Empedocles b. Zeno c. Sophocles d. Virgil

46. Which goddess is upset with Psyche in the Golden Ass?
 a. Ceres b. Juno c. Diana d. Venus

47. Which god saves Psyche from a death-like sleep?
 a. Cupid b. Apollo c. Juppiter d. Vulcan

48. In Book 1 when Aeneas watches the Carthagians build their city, they are described as what animals?
 a. Sparrows b. Lions c. Ants d. Bees

49. Which poet wrote the Carmen Saeculare?
 a. Propertius b. Horace c. Statius d. Virgil

50. Which emperor recorded his deeds in the Res Gestae?
 a. Augustus b. Nero c. Marcus Aurelius d. Constantine

**LATIN LITERATURE KEY**

1 a

2 d

3 b

4 a

5 c

6 d

7 a

8 b

9 d

10 a

11 b

12 a

13 b

14 d

15 c

16 a

17 c

18 c

19 a

20 b

21 d

22 c

23 a

24 a

25 a

26 d

27 a

28 c

29 b

30 b

31 a

32 a

33 d

34 b

35 a

36 d

37 a

38 c

39 a

40 b

41 c

42 b

43 a

44 d

45 a

46 d

47 a

48 d

49 b

50 a