

2010 GJCL CONVENTION: PRELIMINARY CERTAMEN

SCHOOL NAME: _____ CIRCLE LEVEL: 1 2 3

NAMES OF TEAM MEMBERS:

1. _____ 2. _____
3. _____ 4. _____

PLACE ALL YOUR ANSWERS IN THE SPACES TO THE LEFT OF THE QUESTION

- _____ 1. This wife of Agamemnon butchered her husband upon his return from the Trojan War.
- _____ 2. This blind seer, prophet of Apollo, advised Pentheus not to resist Dionysus.
- _____ 3. Eurystheus put this hero to work.
- _____ 4. This legendary queen called upon Hannibal as a future avenger against the Romans.
- _____ 5. He fell in love with his ivory maiden, later known as Galatea.
- _____ 6. A “laudatory” speech is full of _____.
- _____ 7. A “bibulous” person _____ too much.
- _____ 8. In “parturition” one gives _____.
- _____ 9-10. A “peninsula” is literally _____ an _____.
- _____
- _____ 11. Nominative singular of the word for “house” that has both 2nd and 4th declension forms.
- _____ 12. 2nd principal part of the verb meaning “to kill” or, literally, “to take the life/breath from.”
- _____ 13. Sometimes confused with **ac**, this conjunction means “but.”
- _____ 14. Don’t confuse **mora**, **morbus**, **mors**, and **mōs**; which one means “habit”?
- _____ 15. Don’t confuse **parō**, **parcō**, **pareō**, and **pariō**; which means “obey”?
- _____ 16. In what sort of public building would you find a *caldarium* and an *apodyterium*?
- _____ 17. What was the Latin word for a gladiatorial trainer?
- _____ 18. Another name for the Flavian Amphitheater.
- _____ 19. The *tabella*, *stilus*, and *codex* were all associated with what activity?
- _____ 20. What principal activity took place in a *triclinium*?
- _____ 21. North Carolina’s motto is _____ *quam videri*.
- _____ 22. The English meaning of the abbreviation d.v.?

- _____ 23. The medical abbreviation for “three times a day.”
- _____ 24. In a famous proverbial question, Juvenal asked, “Who will guard the _____?”
- _____ 25. Which emperor advised Romans to *festina lente*?
- _____ 26. This enemy defeated the Romans at Trebia and Trasimene.
- _____ 27. Augustus’ original family name (*nomen*).
- _____ 28. 6th-century emperor, husband of Theodora, famous for legal reforms and codifications.
- _____ 29. Gaius Gracchus’ *Lex Frumentaria* regulated the importation and sale of _____.
- _____ 30. Caligula’s successor.
- _____ 31. This 1st cent. A.D. author from Spain wrote an important treatise on education and rhetoric.
- _____ 32. *Culex* and *Moretum* were part of a collection of poems attributed to this writer.
- _____ 33. Apicius is known for his book about _____.
- _____ 34. He wrote poetry “manuals” on how to find love and how to escape it!
- _____ 35. Caesar traced his lineage to Aeneas’ son Ascanius, whose other name was _____.
- _____ 36. Which is not a verbal noun?—gerund, gerundive, infinitive, supine
- _____ 37. What case was used for the agent in a passive periphrastic construction?
- _____ 38. The genitive singular of **ūnus**?
- _____ 39. The 3rd person singular pluperfect indicative of **dīcere**?
- _____ 40. Latin for “let us love”?
- _____ 41. “Cyclical” events seem quite literally to move in _____.
- _____ 42-43. A “dichotomy” is something that has been _____ into _____ parts.
- _____
- _____ 44-45. A “chronometer” literally provides a _____ of _____.
- _____
- _____ 46. Naxos and Paros are two of a group of islands called the _____.
- _____ 47. Which district of Roman Italy was further south, Picenum or Calabria?
- _____ 48. What famous ancient Greek historian wrote contemporary account of the Persian wars?
- _____ 49. Which did not write comedies?—Aristophanes, Menander, Plautus, Tibullus.
- _____ 50. This Greek’s stern legal code gave us an English word meaning “severe.”