

2009 GJCL Latin Literature Exam

Fill in the first 4 blanks of the scantron sheet with your own 4-digit-code, and then the next 4 blocks with the 4-digit code for this exam (1005). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the correct answer for each question. *Do not write on the exam itself.*

1. Which of the following was not a philosophical treatise by Apuleius?
a. *De Platone et eius Dogmate* b. *De Magia* c. *De Deo Socratis* d. *De Mundo*
2. Lucan's *Pharsalia* tells about the civil war between:
a. Marius & Sulla b. Caesar & Cato c. Octavian & Antony d. Caesar & Pompey
3. In what year did Livius Andronicus present the first regular drama at the Ludi Romani?
a. 212 BC b. 240 BC c. 8 AD d. 27 BC
4. Where was Livy born? a. Padua b. Rome c. Tivoli d. Venosa
5. Which of the following men often corresponded with Pliny the Younger?
a. Trajan b. Silius Italicus c. Hadrian d. Martial
6. In what book of Vergil's *Aeneid* does Dido kill herself? a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
7. How many speeches against Catiline did Cicero write? a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
8. Who also wrote about Catiline? a. Livy b. Ammianus Marcellinus c. Sallust d. Quintilian
9. Who was Horace's patron? a. Augustus b. Maecenas c. Anacreon d. Varius Rufus
10. Which of these authors did **not** write Satires? a. Lucilius b. Horace c. Cato d. Juvenal
11. Which of the following was written in dactylic hexameter?
a. *Aeneid* b. *Eunuchus* c. *Ab Urbe Condita* d. *Aulularia*
12. Catullus wrote love poems addressed to: a. Cynthia b. Neaera c. Thisbe d. Lesbia
13. Who wrote *De Bello Civili*? a. Cato b. Cicero c. Catiline d. Caesar
14. How many poems of Catullus are extant? a. 8 b. 113 c. 24 d. none
15. Ovid's *Metamorphoses* is divided into ___ books. a. 12 b. 15 c. 6 d. 8
16. Which emperor also composed the philosophical work *Meditations*?
a. Augustus b. Marcus Aurelius c. Nero d. Caligula
17. Columella wrote a treatise on what technical discipline?
a. agriculture b. medicine c. sailing d. oratory
18. Martial famously composed: a. elegiac poetry b. epic poetry c. epigrams d. comedy
19. Apicius wrote the manuscript:
a. *De Re Rustica* b. *De Ora Maritima* c. *De Cultu Hortorum* d. *De Re Coquinaria*
20. Who divided the *Bellum Poenicum* into 7 books?
a. Lampadio b. Naevius c. Nonnius d. Titus Livius
21. Who replaces Delia as Tibullus' love in his later elegies?
a. Glycerna b. Nemesis c. Clodia d. Plania
22. In what book is the *Somnium Scipionis* found?
a. *Ab Urbe Condita* b. *Annales* c. *De Re Publica* d. *De Rerum Natura*
23. Which author is thought to have died last?
a. Lucan b. Statius c. Valerius Flaccus d. Silius Italicus
24. Which author wrote a work on aqueducts?
a. Vitruvius b. Frontinus c. Pliny the Elder d. Columella
25. Juvenal's _____ satire is notoriously about women.
a. none are about women b. 1st c. 3rd d. 6th
26. This work was a Roman novel: a. *Aeneid* b. *Silvae* c. *Satyricon* d. *Culex*

27. This author was not a neoteric poet:
 a. Cinna b. Valerius Cato c. Suetius d. Furius Bibaculus
28. This author wrote the *De Clementia*, allegedly for the emperor Nero:
 a. Cicero b. Cato c. Seneca the Younger d. Sallust
29. Which later Christian author translated the Bible into Latin, the so-called *Vulgata*?
 a. Augustine b. Sulpicius Severus c. Jerome d. Ambrose
30. In what year was the first stone theatre built?
 a. 55 BCE b. 64 BCE c. 69 BCE d. 71 BCE
31. Who wrote biographies? a. Gellius b. Frontinus c. Naevius d. Suetonius
32. According to Quintilian, which author's style is 'corrupt' and 'degenerate'?
 a. Cicero b. Statius c. Seneca d. Plautus
33. Didactic poetry is meant to:
 a. woo a lady friend b. insult an enemy c. instruct the reader d. be funny
34. *Thyestes*, *Antiope*, *Iliona*, and *Hercules Furens* are all:
 a. tragedies b. based on Etruscan stories c. written in dactylic hexameter d. comedies
35. What did Aulus Gellius write?
 a. *Argonautica* b. *Atticae Noctes* c. *Appendix Vergiliana* d. *Amores*
36. Who was an Epicurean poet? a. Seneca the Younger b. Tibullus c. Propertius d. Lucretius
37. The terms *palliata*, *praetexta*, and *scaena* are all related to:
 a. Roman theatre b. meter c. the epic genre d. lyric poetry
38. Which did Ovid write in exile?
 a. *Tristia* b. *Metamorphoses* c. *Heroides* d. *Ars Amatoria*
39. Which of these were in epistolary form?
 a. *Tristia* b. *Metamorphoses* c. *Heroides* d. *Ars Amatoria*
40. Where would one expect to hear **epithalamia**?
 a. at a play b. at a funeral c. at a wedding d. during a triumph
41. Which of Cicero's oratories were delivered against Antony?
 a. Catilinarians b. Phillipics c. Verrines d. *Pro Milone*
42. Who wrote a famous Latin commentary on Vergil's *Aeneid*?
 a. Pomponius Mela b. Papinius Statius c. Servius Honoratus d. Tacitus
43. Who claimed, "*satura tota nostra est*" in his *Institutio Oratoria*?
 a. Quintilian b. Horace c. Lucilius d. Tacitus
44. Seneca's *Apocolocyntosis* tells about the apotheosis of the emperor:
 a. Hadrian b. Nero c. Domitian d. Claudius
45. Persius wrote: a. satire b. comedy c. tragedy d. philosophy
46. Which work of Plautus is about a pot of gold?
 a. *Aulularia* b. *Mostellaria* c. *Eunuchus* d. *Asinaria*
47. Which of the following was **not** a typical character in a Roman comedy?
 a. the braggart soldier b. a foolish slave c. a parasite d. the young lover
48. This author's "ship of state" poem, among others, is based on work by the Greek author Alcaeus. a. Juvenal b. Catullus c. Propertius d. Horace
49. This author wrote a *Metamorphoses*
 a. Maro b. Seneca the Elder c. Apuleius d. Aelius Stilo
50. In book 12 of his *Thebaid*, this author pays homage to his predecessor, Vergil:
 a. Statius b. Lucan c. Valerius Flaccus d. Silius Italicus

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1. B
2. D
3. B
4. A
5. A
6. D
7. D
8. C
9. B
10. C
11. A
12. D
13. D
14. B
15. B
16. B
17. A
18. C
19. D
20. A
21. B
22. C
23. D
24. B
25. D
26. C
27. C
28. C
29. C
30. A
31. D
32. C
33. C
34. A
35. B
36. D
37. A
38. A
39. C
40. C
41. B
42. C
43. A
44. D
45. A
46. A
47. B
48. D
49. C
50. A