

ROMAN HISTORY EXAMINATION
Georgia Junior Classical League - 2008

FILL IN the first four blocks of the SCANTRON SHEET with YOUR OWN four digit code and the next four blocks with the code for THIS EXAM—1003. FILL IN COMPLETELY the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the correct answer for each question (do not write on the exam itself).

1. Who was the Tribune of the Plebs whose opposition resulted in Cicero's banishment?
A. Milo B. Saturninus C. Clodius D. Sulpicius
2. Which African ruler's attacks against Carthage resulted in the Third Punic War?
A. Jugurtha B. Masinissa C. Hiempsal D. Juba II
3. Where was Nero when the great fire of July A.D. 64 broke out in Rome?
A. Rome B. Ostia C. Pompeii D. Antium
4. What was the name of the first popular assembly created in Rome?
A. Comitia Curiata B. Comitia Centuriata C. Concilium Plebis D. Comitia Tributa
5. What was the title of the assistant to the Dictator?
A. Consul B. Interrex C. Magister Equitum D. Praefectus Urbi
6. What were the large landed estates in Italy that controlled much of the arable land called?
A. Campus Martius B. Picentine Fields C. Latifundia D. Ager Publicus
7. Who won the Battle of Dyrrachium?
A. Pompey B. Caesar C. Octavian D. Sulla
8. Under which emperor did the Roman Empire reach its greatest extent?
A. Trajan B. Augustus C. Marcus Aurelius D. Constantine
9. What Seleucid king reportedly killed over 80,000 Italians in a single day?
A. Ariobarzanes B. Mithradates VI C. Archelaus D. Tigranes
10. What was Rome's fire brigade called?
A. Vigiles B. Quaestiones C. Praetorian Guard D. Delatores
11. The death of what Tribune of the Plebs precipitated the beginning of the Social War?
A. Gaius Gracchus B. Saturninus C. Tiberius Gracchus D. M. Livius Drusus
12. Who received the agnomen "Uticensis" for defying Caesar and meeting his death at Utica in North Africa?
A. Sextus Pompey B. Marcus Brutus C. Cato the Younger D. Marcus Caelius
13. Who was Livy's main historical source for the Second Punic War?
A. Cato the Elder B. Polybius C. Pollio D. Naevius
14. Where did Pompey die?
A. Macedonia B. Spain C. Greece D. Egypt
15. Which of these works of literature did Horace not compose?
A. Epodes B. Tristia C. Sermones D. Ars Poetica
16. What is the origin of Gaius' famous nickname Caligula?
A. Little shield B. Little Horse C. Little Nose D. Little Boots
17. Which of these individuals was not a member of the Tetrarchy?
A. Theodosius B. Diocletian C. Galerius D. Maximian
18. Who was Caracalla's brother who suffered *damnatio memoriae* following his death?
A. Macrinus B. Severus Alexander C. Geta D. Elagabalus
19. What was the name of Augustus' wife?
A. Octavia B. Julia C. Livia D. Antonia
20. Where did Caesar finally catch and defeat Vercingetorix?
A. Luca B. Alesia C. Gergovia D. Avaricum
21. Which of these battles did Hannibal lose?
A. Trebia B. Trasimene C. Cannae D. Zama
22. Who was Caligula's father?
A. Tiberius B. Drusus C. Augustus D. Germanicus
23. Which of these emperors was related to Augustus?
A. Vespasian B. Nerva C. Septimius Severus D. Trajan
24. Which of these religions was not viewed by the ancients as a mystery cult?
A. Christianity B. Mithras C. Dionysus D. Venus

25. Which emperor was born in North Africa
A. Septimius Severus B. Hadrian C. Claudius D. Constantine
26. What were tax collectors called?
A. Negotiatores B. Publicani C. Tabernarii D. Monetales
27. Against which rebellious Roman did Pompey make his name in Spain?
A. Catiline B. Vindex C. Sertorius D. Postumius
28. Who won the battle of the Caudine Forks in 321 B.C.?
A. Romans B. Campanians C. Samnites D. Gauls
29. Who commanded the army that defeated Spartacus?
A. Crassus B. Pompey C. Caesar D. Lucullus
30. Against whom were Cicero's Philippics directed?
A. Philip B. Antony C. Caesar D. Pompey
31. Upon what criterion was membership in the Comitia Centuriata based?
A. Geographical location of birth B. Family C. Wealth D. Tribe
32. Who was Claudius' last wife?
A. Octavia B. Agrippina the Elder C. Agrippina the Younger D. Messalina
33. Who was the first emperor to die by an assassin?
A. Nero B. Domitian C. Claudius D. Gaius
34. What marked the boundary between Italy and Caesar's province of Gaul?
A. Po River B. Alps C. Rubicon River D. The Rhone River
35. What was Rome's first overseas province?
A. Sicily B. Sardinia C. Corsica D. Transalpine Gaul
36. What document bestowed citizenship upon everyone in the Roman Empire in A.D. 212?
A. Edict of Diocletian B. Constitutio Antoniniana C. Lex Julia D. Lex de Imperio
37. Which law gave Pompey command against the pirates in 67 B.C.?
A. Lex Manilia B. Lex Vatinia C. Lex Pompeia D. Lex Gabinia
38. With whom did Rome conclude the *Foedus Cassianum*?
A. Samnites B. Etruscans C. Latins D. Carthaginians
39. What is the name usually given to the war that Antony's wife and brother waged against Octavian?
A. Antonian B. Perusine C. Sertorian D. Marsian
40. What law legalized the Second Triumvirate?
A. Lex Titia B. Lex Pompeia C. Lex Calpurnia D. Lex Julia
41. Which emperor instituted the imperial postal service (*cursus publicus*)?
A. Caesar B. Augustus C. Trajan D. Claudius
42. Who led a revolt against Roman occupation of Britain in A.D. 61?
A. Caratacus B. Teuta C. Boudicca D. Brigantia
43. What law allowed plebeians to marry patricians?
A. Lex Hortensia B. Lex Ogulnia C. Lex Poetelia D. Lex Canuleia
44. Which of these emperors was born in Italy?
A. Septimius Severus B. Trajan C. Vespasian D. Claudius
45. In a naval battle off what Campanian town did Hiero of Syracuse defeat an Etruscan naval force in 474 B.C.?
A. Cumae B. Pompeii C. Poseidonia D. Stabiae
46. In 180 B.C. what law regulated the minimum ages for holding the various offices of the *cursus honorum*?
A. Lex Pompeia de Magistratibus B. Lex Manilia C. Lex de Civitate D. Lex Villia Annalis
47. Against which provincial governor did Cicero make his name as prosecutor?
A. Gabinius B. Verres C. Lucius Lucullus D. Antony
48. What general, and later mentor to Pliny the Younger, put down the Gallic revolt led by Vindex?
A. Fonteius Capito B. Germanicus C. Verginius Rufus D. Corbulo
49. Who was the wife of Septimius Severus?
A. Severia B. Julia Domna C. Plautilla D. Iulia Mamaea
50. Who issued the Edict of Religious Toleration?
A. Galerius B. Diocletian C. Constantine D. Theodosius

HISTORY

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45. A
46. D
47. B
48. C
49. B
50. A