

2009 GJCL Latin Advanced Grammar Exam

FILL IN THE FIRST FOUR BLOCKS OF THE ANSWER SHEET WITH OUR OWN FOUR DIGIT CODE, THEN THE NEXT FOUR BLOCKS WITH THE CODE FOR THIS EXAM (1013). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the correct answer for each question. DO NOT WRITE ON THE EXAM ITSELF.

1. _____ (“you”) persuādeō. a. tū b. tuī c. tibi d. tē
2. Discimus docendō: the underlined word is a. participle b. gerundive c. gerund d. supine
3. _____ (“do not”) eum laudāre. a. fac nōn b. nōn age c. ne fac d. nōlī
4. She studies to learn. a. ut discat b. discere c. discendum d. docēre
5. Superlative of *pulchrē*. a. pulchrius b. pulcherrimē c. pulcherrimus d. pulcherrimē
6. Introduces question expecting negative reply. a. -ne b. nōne c. num d. itane
7. Tam irātus erat ut _____ (“he left”). a. abiret b. abeat c. abiit d. abibat
8. Igne vīso, omnēs perterritī sunt. a. seeing the fire b. with the fire in sight
c. when the fire had been seen d. with fiery vision
9. Everyone should do this = Id _____ faciendum est. a. omne b. omnibus c. omnēs d. tōtum
10. Eum _____ (“had made a mistake”) scīvimus. a. errāverat b. errāvit c. errāre d. errāvissē
11. mīrābile dictū. a. in diction b. to say c. by saying d. with speaking
12. Amīcōs salūtātum veniet. a. to greet b. saluting c. the salutorian d. greeting
13. _____ (“so much”) melius ēgit. a. ita multum b. sīc multō c. tantō d. tanta
14. Dīxit sē lēgisse quōs _____ (“you had sent”). a. mīserās b. mīssissēs c. mitterēs d. misistī
15. Leō dentibus timētur. Ablative of a. cause b. means c. manner d. specification
16. Hī linguā et lēgibus inter sē differunt. Ablative of a. cause b. means c. manner
d. specification
17. Liber est mihi. a. The book is to me. b. I have a book. c. Freedom is mine. d. I am free.
18. Hōs librōs dōnō mīsit.
a. She sent these books as a gift. b. I am donating these books he sent.
c. He sent these books with a gift. d. She sent these children for a donation.
19. Suffix indicating the agent or performer of action. a. -tiō b. -tor c. -bilis d. -tia
20. Suffix meaning “full of” or “characterized by.” a. -ōsus b. -ālis c. -ānus d. -icus
21. Objective genitive. a. amor laudis b. amīcus puellae c. pars cīvium d. mīlia virōrum
22. Prefix meaning “back” or “again.” a. inter- b. re- c. per- d. prae-
23. “Three of the women.” a. ab fēminīs b. fēminārum c. fēminae d. ex fēminīs
24. Nōne venit?
a. Is he coming? b. Isn’t he coming? c. He isn’t coming is he? d. Is Nonnus coming?
25. Timeō ut id crēdant. a. that they may not believe this b. that they may believe this
c. as they believe this d. in order that they may believe this
26. Vēnit ad librōs legendōs. a. for books to be read b. to the book reading
c. to read books d. at the book reading
27. Sī quis metuēns vīvet, liber mihi nōn erit umquam. Dative of
a. indirect object b. possession c. reference d. agent
28. There was no one who knew this. a. scīvit b. sciēbat c. sciat d. scīret
29. Licet tibi abīre. a. He would like you to leave. b. You may leave.
c. It is pleasing for you to leave. d. You can love it, or leave it.

30. Revenient hāc nocte. a. tonight b. for the night c. from this night d. with this night
31. They lived in Rome. a. in Rōmā b. ad Rōmam c. Rōmā d. Rōmae
32. Domī vīsus est. a. It is Domus' vision. b. He was seen at home.
c. It is seen in the home. d. It is visible in the house.
33. He lived for many years. a. multī annī b. multīs annīs c. multōs annōs d. prō multīs annīs
34. Plural of the verb it. a. int b. ient c. eunt d. eant
35. Dīcunt hoc fieri. a. is being done b. was happening c. is on fire d. was made
36. Monuit eōs nē hoc facerent. a. they were doing b. to do c. they might do d. they may do
37. _____ (“me”) placuit. a. meī b. mihi c. mē d. mēmē
38. _____ (“money”) sapienter ūtitur. a. pecūnia b. pecūniae c. pecūniam d. pecūniā
39. _____ (“Follow”) him! a. seque b. sequī c. sequere d. sequātur
40. _____ (“us”) nocuērunt. a. nōs b. nostrum c. nostrī d. nōbīs
41. If he had said this, he would have been wrong.
a. errābit b. errāverit c. errāvisset d. errāverat
42. If you should love Latin, you would be wise. a. amās b. amēs c. amābis d. amāre dēbēs
43. We’ll be happy, provided that you don’t leave.
a. nōn discēdis b. nōn discēdās c. nē discēdēs d. nē discēdās
44. Comparative of celeriter. a. celerior b. celerius c. celeritius d. celerrimē
45. Change vult to imperfect subjunctive. a. velit b. vellet c. volāret d. volēbat
46. “Bring me help, Marcus!” a. fer b. ferā c. ferē d. fere
47. “They ask what he will do.” a. faciet b. faciat c. facībit d. faciēbit
48. Superlative of multus. a. plurimus b. maximus c. multissimus d. maior
49. Sōl est clārīor stēllīs. a. from the stars b. with the stars c. by the stars d. than the stars
50. Gāius dīxit sē iūvisse eam. a. helped himself b. himself to have helped
c. that he had helped d. that he himself helped

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1. c
2. c
3. d
4. a
5. b
6. c
7. a
8. c
9. b
10. d
11. b
12. a
13. c
14. b
15. a
16. d
17. b
18. a
19. b
20. a
21. a
22. b
23. d
24. b
25. a
26. c
27. c
28. d
29. b
30. a
31. d
32. b
33. c
34. c
35. a
36. b
37. b
38. d
39. c
40. d
41. c
42. b
43. d
44. b
45. b
46. a
47. b
48. a
49. d
50. c