

- Identify the order of this column.
A. Corinthian B. Doric C. Ionic D. Macedonian
- Identify this material used by the early Romans in the construction of temples.
A. brick B. cement C. marble D. tufa
- In the *Death Of Sarpedon*, the son of Zeus is shown being taken away by Sleep, Death, and what god?
A. Apollo B. Ares C. Hephaestus D. Hermes
- This oculus is the centerpiece of which ancient temple?
A. Pantheon B. Parthenon C. Temple of Hercules Victor D. Temple of Jupiter Optimus Maximus
- Who is depicted on this coin?
A. Augustus B. Cicero C. Nero D. Trajan
- What hero is shown here on the Eleusis amphora defeating a monstrous foe?
A. Heracles B. Jason C. Odysseus D. Theseus
- Emperor Hadrian dedicated the rebuilt Pantheon to its original builder, or what son-in-law of Augustus?
A. Agrippa B. Antonius C. Marcellus D. Tiberius
- On this black figure amphora Exekias painted Achilles and Ajax doing what?
A. dueling B. fighting off Trojans C. fishing D. playing a game
- To which god or goddess was the original temple of the Capitoline dedicated?
A. Mars B. Jupiter C. Minerva D. Neptune
- Identify this god who is surrounded by vines, holding a thyrsus, and speaking to Pan.
A. Dionysus B. Dis C. Quirinus D. Poseidon
- What technique of decorative art (*Cave Canem*) do you see as you enter this house?
A. fresco B. mosaic C. painted pottery D. sculpture
- The *Nike of Samothrace* is an example of what development in sculpture?
A. monumental
B. S-curve
C. torsion or twisting of the body
D. underdevelopment
- From what two materials is this chryselephantine work composed?
A. gold and ivory B. ivory and bronze C. silver and gold D. silver and bronze
- What style of vase painting is illustrated here?
A. floral B. geometric C. naturalistic D. orientalizing

15. This work by Myron is known for extending into space.
 A. Belvedere Torso B. *Discobolos* C. *Doryphorus* D. Kritios Boy
16. This reclining Etruscan couple on a sarcophagus is made from what material?
 A. limestone B. marble C. terra cotta D. wood
17. What older brother holds Dionysus here in this playful scene?
 A. Apollo B. Hermes C. Ares D. Asclepius
18. What is the name of this circular architectural type?
 A. peripteral B. pseudoperipteral C. tholos D. tympanum
19. What is the slave girl handing the woman in the Grave Stele of Hegeso?
 A. book B. jewelry box C. mirror D. portrait
20. Concerning *Laocoon and His Sons*, which statement is false?
 A. Aeneas tells of Laocoon's strangulation by sea serpents in Book II of Vergil's *Aeneid*.
 B. Michelangelo suggested that Laocoon's missing right arm should be bent back, not outstretched.
 C. The statue group commemorates the defeat of the Gauls (Galatians) by Attalus I.
 D. The Hellenistic style heightens a tension between sheer agony and incredible beauty.

Part II (21-40) Questions without illustrations

21. After his victory at the Milvian Bridge in 312 Constantine completed his predecessor's construction of
 A. Basilica Maxentius
 B. Cathedral of Hagia Sophia
 C. Flavian Amphitheater
 D. Pyramid of Cestius
22. The wedge-shaped blocks used to form an arch are called
 A. entases B. spandrels C. squinches D. voussoirs
23. Vitruvius is best known for his writings on
 A. excavating Mycenae B. Greek sculpture C. Neo-platonic philosophy D. Roman architecture
24. Which is NOT a part of a Greek column?
 A. abacus B. architrave C. adyton D. flute
25. Concerning the *Alexander mosaic* which depicts the Battle of Issus which statement is NOT true?
 A. Darius rides his horse Bucephalus, while Alexander is shown in a chariot
 B. The floor mosaic was preserved for centuries essentially intact beneath ash from Mt Vesuvius.
 C. It is a copy of an original Greek painting or fresco.
 D. Pliny the Elder mentions the work in his *Natural Histories*.
26. All of the following methods are used to create vigorous realism in the *Alexander mosaic* except
 A. atmospheric perspective B. chiaroscuro C. foreshortening D. shadow casts
27. Archaic Greek vase painting (6th c. B.C. black figure and red figure) typically portrays
 A. contemporary portraits B. landscapes C. marine life D. mythological scenes

28. Who completed construction of the original Temple of Jupiter Optimus Maximus on the Capitoline hill?
A. Romulus B. Tarquinius Superbus C. Vespasian D. Constantine
29. Which of these structures features groin vaulting?
A. Ara Pacis B. Parthenon C. Temple of Vesta D. Trajan's market
30. For what purpose is the rather large, wide, and shallow *kylix* ideally shaped?
A. crushing and mixing herbs
B. drinking wine while recumbent
C. serving olive oil to be dipped with bread
D. washing clothes
31. Found by a farmer near Perugia, the statue called *The Orator* exemplifies the Etruscans' skill in working
A. bronze B. green marble C. jade D. terra cotta
32. To what does the term *tessera* refer?
A. casting technique
B. large vase used to mix wine with water
C. middle part of a Doric column where the diameter is greatest
D. tile or cube used in mosaics
33. An *ephebe* is a Greek sculptural type depicting a
A. dog B. matron C. soldier D. young man
34. What term refers to a dynamic posture in which a statue stands with his weight mostly on one foot?
A. *adlocutio* B. *advertia* C. *cappellaccio* D. *contrapposto*
35. There are more of these objects standing in Rome than in Egypt from where they were taken.
A. inscribed slabs B. lion sculptures C. obelisks D. sarcophagi
36. The *Portrait of the Four Tetrarchs* in Venice was carved from this rare, durable, and colorful igneous rock.
A. jade B. limestone C. marble D. porphyry
37. Which Roman Emperor was so fond of architecture that he took various styles of art from his travels around the empire and integrated them into his own villa in Tivoli?
A. Constantine B. Hadrian C. Nero D. Trajan
38. In the heart of Rome, the reliefs on Trajan's column tell of his victories over whom?
A. Dacians B. Marcomanni C. Persians D. Sarmatians
39. The sculptor who designed the Parthenon was
A. Pericles B. Phidias C. Polykleitos D. Praxiteles
40. On the sarcophagus of Abdalonymus, the Sidonians honor their conqueror Alexander the Great by depicting him in the Battle of Issus dressed as what hero?
A. Achilles B. Heracles C. Odysseus D. Theseus